Ocular Ultra View SP (Small Pupil) Slit Lamp Lens										
	Product A Code	Diopter	Used With	Image Magnification	Approximate Laser Spot Mag Factor	Static Field of View	Dynamic Field of View	Working Distance from Cornea (mm)	Clear Aperture (mm)	Weight (grams)
	OI-SP	132	Slit Lamp	.45x	2.22x	99°	158°	4mm	16mm	8.5
Lens Coating	The Laserlight® high efficiency, broad band, anti-reflective coating provides optimal image contrast, minimizes bothersome reflections, and maximizes visible and diode laser transmission.									
Design										
§ The Ultra View SP slit lamp non-contact biomicroscopy lens is made from the finest optical glass available and provides an unparalleled wide field of view of the patient's retina. Its field of view has an area three times greater than that of a Standard 90D lens, permitting detailed retina inspection well outside the arcades.										
§ It is particularly useful for finding NVE in diabetic patients and for examining photophobic patients dazzled by conventional indirect ophthalmoscopy.										
§ Its high power makes it an excellent choice for examining undilated patients or those who dilate poorly.										
§ It is the ideal high resolution screening lens, the perfect complement to our higher magnification Ultra Mag 60D, High Mag 78D and Standard 90D slit lamp ophthalmoscopy lenses.										
Technique										
§ There are several approaches for using the Ultra View SP Lens with an undilated pupil. The simplest is the following:										
§ Use the alignment bar of the slit lamp to find the proper ocular settings for each of your eyes. Move the slit lamp arm so that the axes of illumination and observation are parallel to each other.										
§ Align the patient's head properly in the slit lamp headrest, with their chin down and forehead against the forehead rest. The patient's pupil should be lined up with the horizontal reference marks on the vertical bars supporting the forehead rest.										
§ Move the slit lamp toward the patient so that the slit lamp beam is focused sharply on the patient's iris. Then move the slit lamp so that the beam is also centered in the patient's pupil. Decrease the height and width of the slit lamp beam so that the beam passes only through the patient's pupil without light scattering from the iris.										
§ Hold the lens between your thumb and index finger, resting your other three fingers for support on the forehead rest (you may wish to rest your elbow on a foam rubber pad for additional support). Align the lens so that its front surface is roughly ½" from the patient's cornea and the slit lamp beam passes through the center of the lens.										
§ Keep the front surface of the lens perpendicular to the patient's visual axis. Move the lens slightly (up-down, left-right, etc.) until a red reflex is seen. Pull the slit lamp back toward you until you visualize fundus details such as a large retinal vessel. Then move the lens slightly (up-down, left-right, etc.) to view different retinal areas.										
Cleaning & D	isinfectio	on								
See Cleaning Method 2										



2255 116th Ave NE, Bellevue, Washington 98004-3039 USA T: 425-455-5200 or 800-888-6616 F: 425-462-6669 E: <u>ocular@ocularinc.com</u> I: <u>www.ocularinc.com</u>